



Hazardous Substance, Dangerous Goods

1. MATERIAL AND SUPPLY COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name: Rhinothane Accelerator

Recommended use: Accelerator for two pack polyurethane coatings.

Supplier: Wagon Paints Australia Pty Ltd ABN: 76 412 791 772 Street Address: 5 Stephenson Road Bayswater North VIC 3153 Australia Telephone: +613 9729-1344 Facsimile: +613 9720 2179 Emergency Telephone number: (03) 9729 1344 from 8:00 am to 4:30 pm

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

This material is hazardous according to health criteria of Safe Work Australia.



Signal Word Danger

Hazard Classifications

Flammable Liquid Category 3 Acute Toxicity Category 3 Oral Acute toxicity - category 4 Dermal Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2 Eye Irritation Category 2A Acute toxicity - category 4 Inhalation Reproductive Toxicity Category 2 Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeat Exposure Category 2 Acute Aquatic Hazard Category 3

Hazard Statements

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

- H301 Toxic if swallowed.
- H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

- H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
- H402 Harmful to aquatic life

Prevention Precautionary Statements

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.
P233 Keep container tightly closed.
P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
P241 Use explosion- proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/ ... /equipment

Product Name: Rhinothane Accelerator Version: 1.0





P242 Use only non- sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P264 Wash ... thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well- ventilated area.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P281 Use personal protective equipment as required.

Response Precautionary Statements

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

P314 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P330 Rinse mouth.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Storage Precautionary Statements

P403+P235 Store in a well- ventilated place. Keep cool. P405 Store locked up.

Disposal Precautionary Statement

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national and international regulations.

Poison Schedule: Not Applicable

DANGEROUS GOOD CLASSIFICATION

Classified as dangerous Goods by the criteria of the "Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous good by Road or rail" and the "New Zealand NZS5433: Transport of Dangerous Good on Land"

Dangerous Goods Class: 3 Subsidiary Risk 6.1.

3. COMPOSITION INFORMATION		
CHEMICAL ENTITY	CAS NO	PROPORTION
Xylenes	1330-20-7	> 60 %
Di-butyl tin di laurate	77-58-7	<10%

Ingredients determined to be Non-Hazardous

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia 131 126, New Zealand 0800 764 766).

Inhalation: Remove victim from exposure - avoid becoming a casualty. Remove contaminated clothing and loosen remaining clothing. Lay patient down. Keep warm and rested.

Balance





Prostheses such as false teeth, which may block airway, should be removed, where possible, prior to initiating first aid procedures. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing, preferably with a demand valve resuscitator, bag-valve mask device, or pocket mask as trained. Perform CPR if necessary.

Skin Contact: If skin or hair contact occurs, immediately remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Seek medical attention in event of irritation.

Eye contact: If in eyes immediately irrigate with copious quantity of water, continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes. Transport to hospital or doctor without delay.

Ingestion: If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration. Observe the patient carefully. Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious. If spontaneous vomiting appears imminent or occurs, hold patient's head down, lower than their hips to help avoid possible aspiration of vomit.

Notes to physician: Any material aspirated during vomiting may produce lung injury. Therefore emesis should not be induced mechanically or pharmacologically. For ingestions exceeding 1-2 ml intubation and lavage with cuffed endotracheal tube is recommended. The use of charcoal and cathartics is equivocal. Primary threat to life from ingestion and/or inhalation is respiratory failure. Patients should be quickly evaluated for signs of respiratory distress and given oxygen. Patients with inadequate tidal volumes or poor arterial blood gases (pO2 < 50 mm Hg or pCO2 > 50 mm Hg) should be intubated

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Hazchem Code: 3W

Suitable extinguishing media: If material is involved in a fire use standard foam, water, alcohol resistant foam or dry agent (carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder).

Specific hazards: Flammable liquid and vapour.

Fire fighting further advice: Heating can cause expansion or decomposition leading to violent rupture of containers. If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire. Fire fighters to wear selfcontained breathing apparatus and suitable protective clothing if risk of exposure to vapour or products of combustion or decomposition. Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

SMALL SPILLS

Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination. Avoid inhalation of vapours or dust. Cover spills with sand, diatomaceous earth or other absorbent, collect and seal into properly labelled containers and securely close.

LARGE SPILLS

If safe to do so, shut off all possible sources of ignition. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Wear protective equipment to prevent skin and eye contamination and the inhalation of vapours. Work up wind or increase ventilation. Contain prevent run off into drains and waterways. Use absorbent (soil, sand or other inert material). Use a spark-free shovel. Collect and seal in properly labelled containers or drums for disposal. If contamination of crops, sewers or waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.

Dangerous Goods Initial Emergency Response Guide No: 14





7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling: Avoid eye contact and skin contact. Avoid inhalation of vapour, mist or aerosols.

Storage: Store in original container in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place and out of direct sunlight. Store away from foodstuffs. Store away from incompatible materials described in Section 10. Store away from sources of heat and/or ignition. Store locked up. Keep container standing upright. Keep containers closed when not in use - check regularly for leaks.

This material is classified as a Class 3 flammable liquid, subsidiary risk: 6.1 toxic as per the criteria of the "Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail" and/or the "New Zealand NZS5433: Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land" and must be stored in accordance with the relevant regulations.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

National occupational exposure limits:

	TWA		STEL		NOTICES
	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	
Xylene (o-, m-, p- isomers)	80	350	150	655	-

As published by Safe Work Australia.

TWA - The time-weighted average airborne concentration over an eight-hour working day, for a fiveday working week over an entire working life.

STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) - the average airborne concentration over a 15 minute period which should not be exceeded at any time during a normal eight-hour workday.

Sk Notice - absorption through the skin may be a significant source of exposure. The exposure standard is invalidated if such contact should occur.

These Exposure Standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational health hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept too as low a level as is workable. These exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe and dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

If the directions for use on the product label are followed, exposure of individuals using the product should not exceed the above standard. The standard was created for workers who are routinely, potentially exposed during product manufacture.

Biological Limit Values: As per the "National model regulations for the control of workplace hazardous substances (Safe Work Australia)" The ingredients in this material do not have a Biological Limit Allocated.

Engineering Measures: Ensure ventilation is adequate to maintain air concentrations below Exposure Standards. Use only in well ventilated areas. Use with local exhaust ventilation or while wearing appropriate respirator. Vapour heavier than air - prevent concentration in hollows or sumps. Do NOT enter confined spaces where vapour may have collected.

Personal Protection Equipment: SAFETY SHOES, OVERALLS, GLOVES, CHEMICAL GOGGLES, RESPIRATOR.

Wear safety shoes, overalls, gloves, chemical goggles, respirator. Use with adequate ventilation. If inhalation risk exists wear organic vapour/particulate respirator meeting the requirements of AS/NZS 1715 and AS/NZS 1716. Available information suggests that gloves made from nitrile rubber should be suitable for intermittent contact.





However, due to variations in glove construction and local conditions, the user should make a final assessment. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storing or re-using.

Hygiene measures: Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash hands prior to eating, drinking or smoking. Avoid contact with clothing. Avoid eye contact and skin contact. Avoid inhalation of vapour, mist or aerosols. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Form: Liquid Colour: Clear straw colour Odour: Solvent Solubility: Immiscible Specific Gravity (20 °C): Approx. 0.88 Relative Vapour Density (air=1): Heavier than air Vapour Pressure (20 °C): 1 KPa Flash Point (°C): > 23 Flammability Limits (%): 1.1 - 7.7 Autoignition Temperature (°C): N Av Melting Point/Range (°C): N Av Boiling Point/Range (°C): 138 - 143 pH: N App Viscosity: N Av Total VOC (g/Litre): N Av

(Typical values only - consult specification sheet) N Av = Not available, N App = Not applicable

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical stability: This material is thermally stable when stored and used as directed.

Conditions to avoid: Elevated temperatures and sources of ignition. Do not store in metal containers.

Incompatible materials: Keep away from oxidising agents.

Hazardous decomposition products: Thermal decomposition (combustion) will produce a complex mixture of products including carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Hazardous reactions: No known hazardous reactions.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No adverse health effects expected if the product is handled in accordance with this Safety Data Sheet and the product label. Symptoms or effects that may arise if the product is mishandled and overexposure occurs are:

Acute Effects

Inhalation: Material may be an irritant to mucous membranes and respiratory tract. Inhalation of vapour can result in headaches, dizziness and possible nausea.

Skin contact: Skin contact with the material may be harmful, systemic effects may result following absorption. The material produces moderate skin irritation.





Ingestion: Toxic effects may result from the accidental ingestion of the material. Considered an unlikely route of entry in commercial/industrial environments. The liquid may produce considerable gastrointestinal discomfort and may be harmful or toxic if swallowed. Ingestion may result in nausea, pain and vomiting.

Eye contact: Eye contact may cause significant inflammation with pain. Corneal injury may develop, with possible permanent impairment of vision, if not promptly and adequately treated.

Acute toxicity

Inhalation: This material has been classified as Category 4 Hazard. Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): 10 - 20 mg/L

Skin contact: This material has been classified as Category 4 Hazard, Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): 1000 - 2,000 mg/Kg

Ingestion: This material has been classified as Category 3 Hazard, Acute toxicity estimate (based on ingredients): 50 – 300 mg/Kg

Corrosion/Irritancy: Eye: this material has been classified as a Category 2 Hazard (reversible effects to eyes). Skin: this material has been classified as a Category 2 Hazard (reversible effects to skin).

Sensitisation: Inhalation: this material has been classified as not a respiratory sensitiser. Skin: this material has been classified as not a sensitiser.

Aspiration hazard: Aspiration hazard: This material has been classified as non-hazardous.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure): This material has been classified as non hazardous.

Chronic Toxicity

Mutagenicity: This material has been classified as non-hazardous.

Carcinogenicity: This material has been classified as non-hazardous.

Reproductive toxicity (including via lactation): This material has been classified as a Category 2 Hazard. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeat exposure): This material has been classified as a Category 2 Hazard, prolonged or repeated exposure may cause damage to internal organs.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Avoid contaminating waterways.

Acute aquatic hazard: This material has been classified as a Category 3 Hazard. Harmful to aquatic life.

Long-term aquatic hazard: No information available.

Ecotoxicity: No information available.





Persistence and degradability: No information available.

Bioaccumulative potential: No information available.

Mobility: No information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Persons conducting disposal, recycling or reclamation activities should ensure that appropriate personal protection equipment is used, see Section 8. "Exposure Controls/ Personal Protection" of this SDS.

If possible material and its container should be recycled. If material or container cannot be recycled, dispose in accordance with local, regional, national and international Regulations.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

ROAD AND RAIL TRANSPORT



Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the "Australian Code for the Transport of dangerous Goods by Road or Rail and the New Zealand NZS5433: Transport of dangerous Goods on Land"

I.O.S.
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Segregation Dangerous Goods: Not to be loaded with explosives (Class 1), flammable gases (Class 2.1), if both are in bulk, toxic gases (Class 2.3), spontaneously combustible substances (Class 4.2), oxidising agents (Class 5.1), organic peroxides (Class 5.2), toxic substances (Class 6.1), infectious substances (Class 6.2) or radioactive substances (Class 7). Exemptions may apply.

MARINE TRANSPORT



Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea. This material is classified as a Marine Pollutant (P) according to the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code.

UN Number:	1992
Package Group:	III
Dangerous Goods Class:	3 Subsidiary Class 6.1
Proper Shipping Name:	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.

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AIR TRANSPORT



Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations for transport by air.

UN Number:1992Package Group:IIIDangerous Goods Class:3 Subsidiary Class 6.1Proper Shipping Name:FLAMMABLE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.

15. REGLATORY INFORMATION

Rhinothane Accelerator is found on the following regulatory lists:

"GESAMP/EHS Composite List - GESAMP Hazard Profiles", "IMO IBC Code Chapter 17: Summary of minimum requirements", "IMO MARPOL 73/78 (Annex II) - List of Noxious Liquid Substances Carried in Bulk", "IMO Provisional Categorization of Liquid Substances - List 3: (Trade-named) mixtures containing at least 99% by weight of components already assessed by IMO, presenting safety hazards", "International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Reviewed by the IARC Monographs", "International Fragrance Association (IFRA) Survey: Transparency List", "OECD List of High Production Volume (HPV) Chemicals", "WHO Guidelines for Drinking-water Quality - Guideline values for chemicals that are of health significance in drinking-water"

This material/constituent(s) is covered by the following requirements:

All components of this product are listed on or exempt from the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Reason for issue: Update to GHS SDS standard.

This information was prepared in good faith from the best information available at the time of issue. It is based on the present level of research and to this extent we believe it is accurate. However, no guarantee of accuracy is made or implied and since conditions of use are beyond our control, all information relevant to usage is offered without warranty. The manufacturer will not be held responsible for any unauthorised use of this information or for any modified or altered versions.

If you are an employer it is your duty to tell your employees, and any others that may be affected, of any hazards described in this sheet and of any precautions that should be taken.

Safety Data Sheets are updated frequently. Please ensure you have a current copy.



